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IT Game Changers: The Mainframer's Guide to Becoming a Technology Trailblazer

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SHARE Member Survey

- Employers want well-rounded, business-savvy employees
- “People need to understand the ‘big picture’ of how computers work, from the deep level programming to how it affects – and interconnects with – applications, servers, and other things in the data center”

Become an IT Game Changer...

- Understand the dissatisfaction with IT that is driving cloud computing
- Embrace a service-oriented approach
- Fix broken IT funding model
- Know when to jump the curve to the next generation of technology
- Realize full potential of disruptive technology
- Use IT as part of a corporate strategy



Computing models: A bit of history.....

- **1950's / 60's / 70's - Centralized**
 - Sharing and reliability
- **Dumb, text-based terminals ----> PC's**
- **1980's - Distributed client server**
 - Low costs and simplicity
- **PC's ----> mobile devices and sensors**
- **Mid 1990's - Internet / Web**
 - On demand computing



Dissatisfiers → Disruptions / Technology Shifts

- **1980's** - how long it took IT to meet departmental needs
- **1990's** - thousands of physicists in the world who wanted access to data at CERN
- **Today** - IT apps are too costly and too difficult to use



Why the crazy interest in cloud computing today?

- IT needs to deliver service, to meet the needs of the business you are supporting
- IT has not been doing a good job of this. Users are not satisfied
- A private cloud is a model for IT to do a better job of delivering services to end users
- IT needs to operate as a value center. When IT is a cost center, the only thing they ask you to do is cut costs!



Some Characteristics of Cloud Computing

- **Internet of Services**
 - User experience
 - Decouple delivery from technology
- **Process-oriented, industrialized approach**
- **Virtualized Assets**
 - Security
 - Green footprint
 - Multi-tenant
- **Flexible acquisition model**



Approaches to Cloud Computing

1. Build a public cloud and market its services externally
2. Purchase services from a public cloud
3. Build your own private cloud, using technology that exhibits the characteristics of cloud computing
4. Enhance your service delivery to embrace the public cloud computing model



Cloud-onomics...

CLOUD COMPUTING



...leverages virtualization, standardization and automation to free up operational budget for new investment



... allowing you to optimize new investments for direct business benefits

How IT Becomes a Liability

- Business proposes new product or service
- Mgmt allocates resources and establishes schedule and budget
- Concept / requirements to IT
- IT works to clarify requirements and deliver system on time and within budget
- Business adjusts requirements

From IT Savvy by Peter Weill



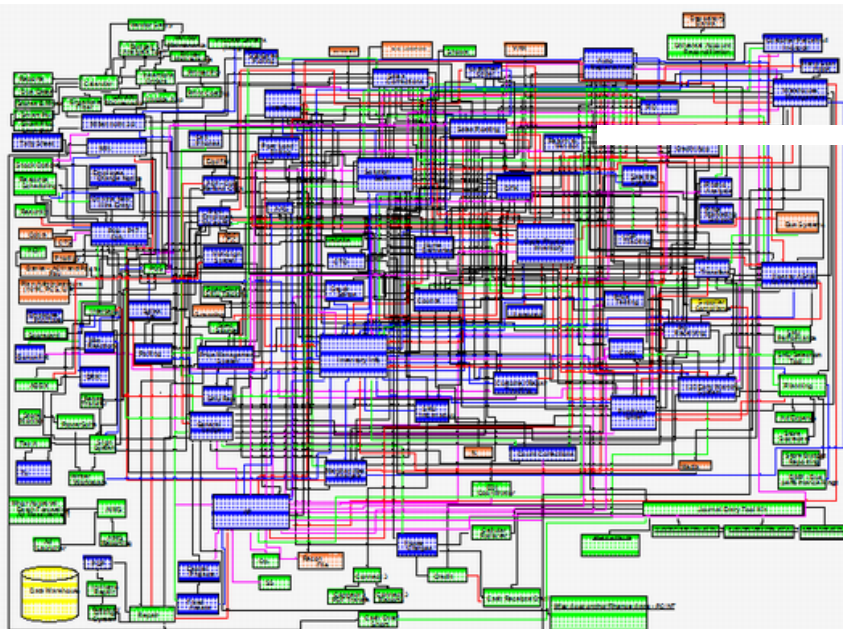
How IT Becomes a Liability

- IT works to address changes and meet schedule (budget abandoned)
- System delivered late with less than intended functionality. New product or service is still a success
- New system added to IT inventory of isolated solutions, patched together and managed to avoid breakage.

From IT Savvy by Peter Weil

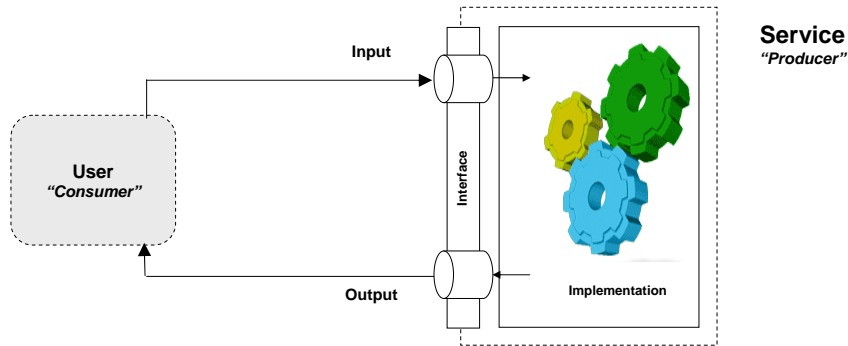


Application Architecture Map



A “Service”

A **discrete** set of business or technical functionality that can be **identified**, has a **defined** set of input and output, and is **reusable**



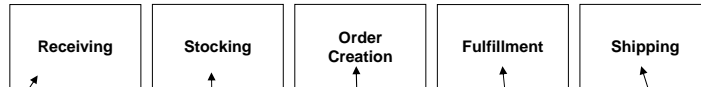
Two Perspectives of the Same Thing

Depending on who you are and how you approach this, the concept of a “Service” takes on different meanings



Business manager or business consultant

View business process as a set of functional services linked in a specified flow



- Match to Purchase Order
- Quantity Reconciliation
- Initiate payment to vendor

- Reserve stocking location

- Create order record
- Reserve stock quantity

- Create order pick ticket

- Create shipping label
- Update order record



IT specialist or architect

View as a set of computing actions – programs, subroutines, transactions, etc.

Service Oriented Architecture and Cloud Computing??

- A standard that supports cloud computing. SOA makes it possible to integrate new cloud-optimized workloads and platforms with the company's existing infrastructure



Common Fixes Mgmt Applies to IT

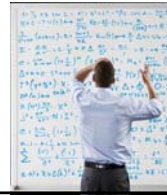
- Throw more money at IT problems
- Drastically cut IT spending
- Fire the CIO
- Yank out legacy systems and replace with huge vendor-developed integrated solution
- Outsource the IT problem

From [IT Savvy](#) by Peter Weil



A well-organized IT department under direct control of top management is a substantial competitive advantage.....

From [IT Savvy](#) by Peter Weil



Well-executed IT Funding

- Senior executives establish clear priorities and criteria for IT investments
- Mgmt develops a transparent process for assessing potential projects and allocating resources
- Mgmt monitors the impacts of prior investment decisions

From [IT Savvy](#) by Peter Weil



Managing Your IT Portfolio

- Two types of expenditures:
 - Project funding for new initiatives
 - Operating budgets for sustaining IT

- Classes for an IT portfolio
 - Strategic IT
 - Informational IT
 - Transactional IT
 - IT Infrastructure

From [IT Savvy](#) by Peter Weil



Cost and Value Milking Stool

- Cost Case
(IT Finance)

- Technical Case
(Operations)

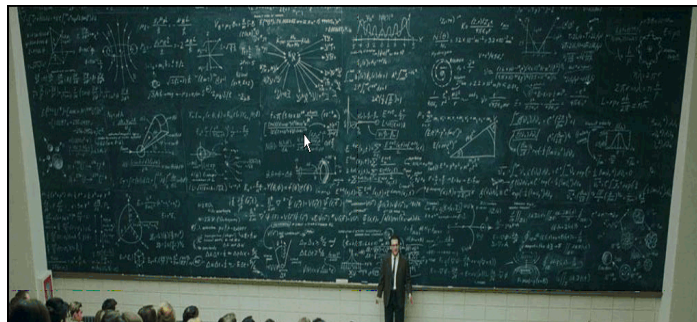
- Value Case
(Together)



Thinking About Chargeback



Firms cannot generate business value from IT if they have not clarified their **operating model** or if their **IT funding model** is not working.



From [IT Savvy](#) by Peter Weill

A Paradox

- A statement that is seemingly contradictory or opposed to common sense and yet is perhaps true

- Is “IT Payoff” really a paradox?
 - 45% of all capital investment in the US is in information technology
 - A snapshot view
 - Isolating the effect of IT

From The IT Payoff, by Sarv Devaraj and Rajiv Kohli

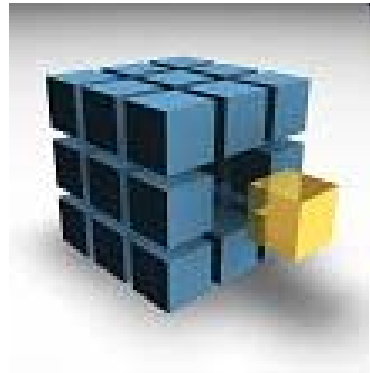


IT is a tool, and when used in the context of a sound business strategy, can yield significant payoff.



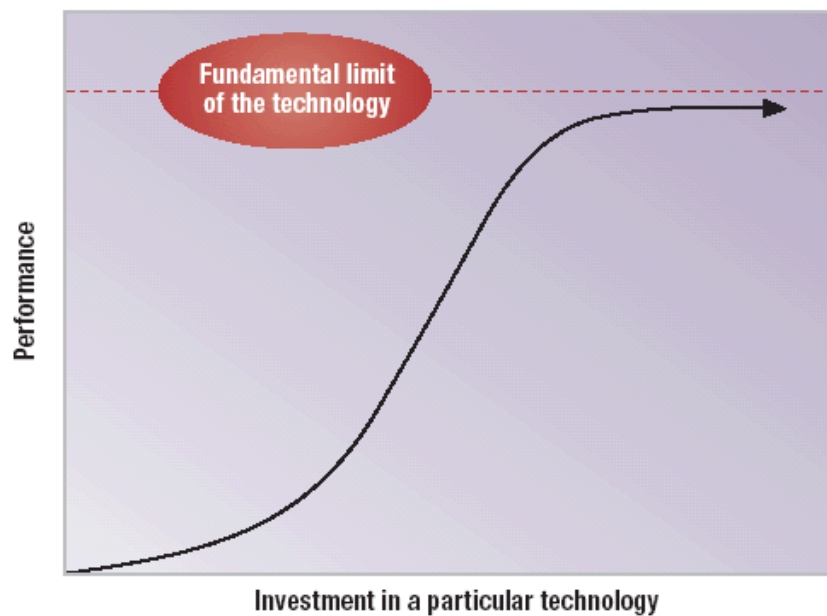
From The IT Payoff, by Sarv Devaraj and Rajiv Kohli

Businesses need to get back to using IT as part of a corporate strategy, as opposed to an inward-looking operational role.



From *The IT Payoff*, by Sarv Devaraj and Rajiv Kohli

The Technology Curve



The Technology Curve Implications

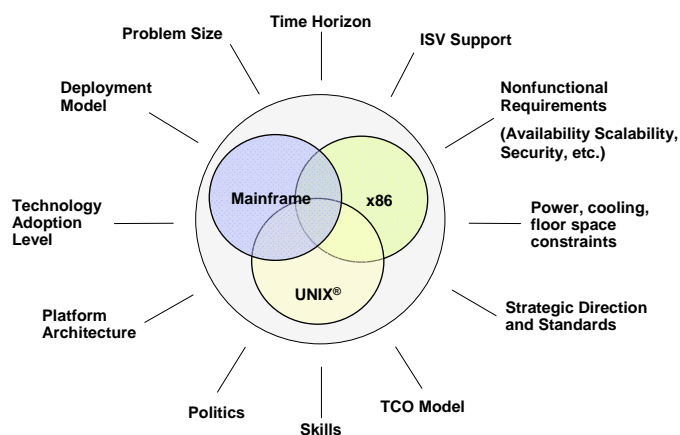
- The extent and nature of payoff from technologies depends on their position on the curve
- Payoff and performance of new technologies can actually be lower than the payoff and performance of the technologies they are meant to replace

From *The IT Payoff*, by Sarv Devaraj and Rajiv Kohli



Platform Choice – Fit for Purpose, Workload and Situation

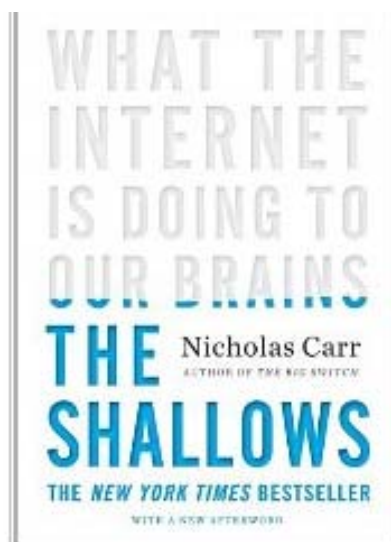
Many factors influence a platform selection



Some factors are specific to each business, others are common to all and can be generalized

Disruptive Technology

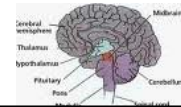
- New way of doing things that disrupts or overturns traditional business methods and practices
- Attributes initially not valued by customers
- May look financially unattractive to established companies



The effects of the net.....

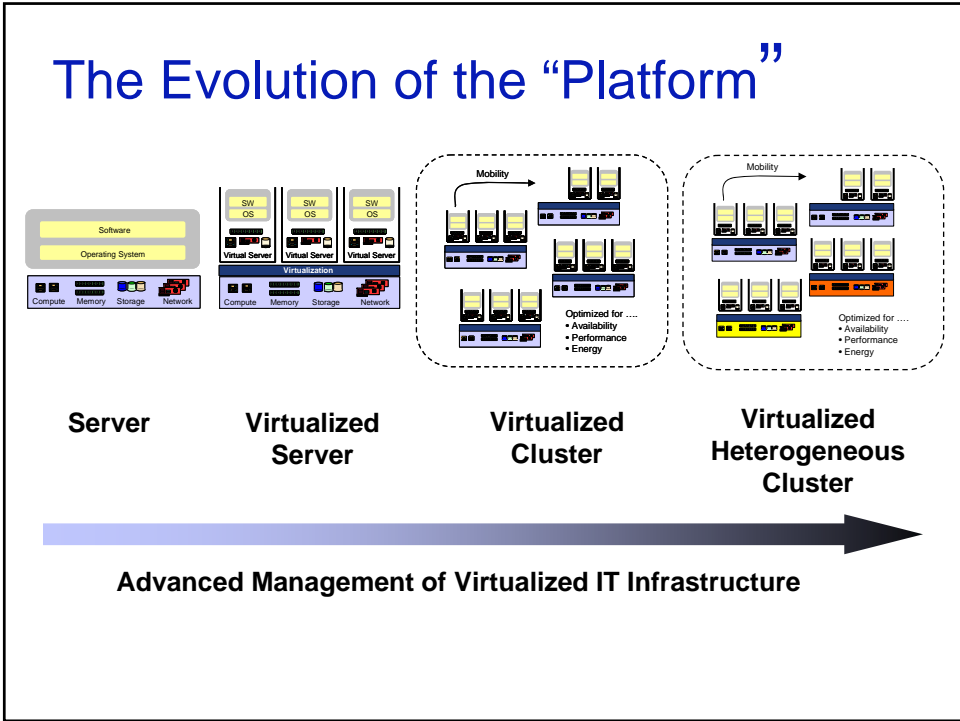
- The time we spend reading print publications is decreasing
- The multimedia Net fragments content and disrupts our concentration
- Media companies adapt to the audience's new expectations
- Publication becomes an ongoing process rather than a discrete event
- The Net seizes our attention only to scatter it

From *The Shallows*, by Nicholas Carr



IBM Watson





IBM zEnterprise System

zEnterprise Unified Resource Manager

- Provides platform, hardware and workload management

IBM zEnterprise™ 196 (z196)

- Most efficient platform Capable of massive scale up, over 50 Billion Instructions per Second (BIPS)

IBM zEnterprise BladeCenter® Extension (zBX)

- Selected IBM POWER7® blades and IBM x86 Blades¹ for tens of thousands of AIX® and Linux applications

z/OS

z/VM

z/VSE

z/TPF

Linux

AIX

Linux

Other Disruptive Technology

- Big Data
- Likenomics
- Digital Curation



Prioritizing disruptions that matter



User Experience

- Is it easy for people to use?
- Does it enable people to connect in new ways?



Business Model

- Does it tap new revenue streams?
- Is it done at a lower cost?



Ecosystem Value

- Does it change the flow of value?
- Does it shift power from one player to another?

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